Syllabus

in Cytology, General Histology and Embryology

for Students in Medicine

CYTOLOGY

- 1. Cell. Microscopic and ultrastructural components of the cell.
- 2. Biomembranes structural, ultrastructural and chemical organization.
- 3. Plasma membrane (plasmalemma) structural, ultrastructural and chemical organization.
- 4. Cell contacts ultrastructure and function.
- 5. Specialization the cell surface cilia, flagella, microvilli, basolateral folds.
- 6. Transport of the substances through the cell membrane. Endocytosis and exocytosis.
- 7. Endoplasmic reticulum types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Ribosomes.
- 8. Goigi apparatus (complex) structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 9. Mitochondria structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 10. Membrane bound vesicles. Lysosomes. Peroxisomes.
- 11. Cytoskeleton microtubules. Centrioles. Cytocenter.
- 12. Cytoskeleton microfilaments, intermediate filaments.
- 13. Specialized cell organelles. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 14. Metabolic inclusions in the cell. Types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 15. Nucleus in interphase.
- 16. Cell division. Mitosis.
- 17. Synthesis and secretion in the cell.
- 18. Movement in the cell-role of the cilia, flagella and miofibrils.

GENERAL HISTOLOGY

- 1. Tissues- general characteristics. Histogenesis and classification.
- 2. Epithelial tissue. Histogenesis. General characteristics. Classification.
- 3. Unistratified epithelia. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Examples.
- 4. Multistratified epithelia .Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Examples.
- 5. Gland epithelia. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Examples.
- 6. Connective tissue. Histogenesis. General characteristics. Classification.
- 7. Intercellular substance of the connective tissue. Fibres structural, ultrastructural, chemical and functional characteristics.
- 8. Ground substance of connective tissue. Structural, chemical and functional characteristics.

- 9. Histogenesis of the intercellular substance of the connective tissue biosynthesis of collagen.
- 10. Connective tissue cells. Types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 11. Fibrous connective tissue. Types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 12. Cartilage. Types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 13. Bone. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 14. Osteogenesis (ossification). Types and structural characteristic.
- 15. .Specialized connective tissue: adipose tissue, reticular tissue, pigmentous tissue.
- 16. .Blood tissue. General characteristics. Classification.
- 17. .Histogenesis of blood tissue. Scheme of the histogenesis.
- 18. Erythrocytes structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Erythropoiesis.
- 19. Granulocytes types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Ganulocytopoiesis.
- 20. Agranulocytes types, structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Lymphocyto and monocytopoiesis.
- 21. Blood platelets (thrombocytes) structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics. Thrombocytopoiesis.
- 22. Interstitial (reactive blood) cells. Types, histogenesis. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics.
- 23. Muscle tissue. Histogenesis. General characteristics. Classification.
- 24. Smooth muscle tissue. Structural, ultrastructural, chemical and functional characteristics.
- 25. Cardiac striated muscle tissue. Structural, ultrastuctural, chemical and functional characteristics.
- 26. Skeletal striated muscle tissue. Structural, ultrastructural, chemical and functional characteristics.
- 27. Nervous tissue. Histogenesis. General characteristics. Classification.
- 28. Nervous fibres. Types, structural, ultrastructural, chemical and functional characteristics.
- 29. Neuroglia. Types, structural, ultrastructural, and functional characteristics. Histogenesis.
- 30. Reproductive tissue. Spermatogenesis. Spermatozoa.
- 31. Reproductive tissue. Oogenesis. Oocytes.

GENERAL EMBRYOLOGY

- 32. Insemination. Fertilization. Factors that influence the processes.
- 33. Initial development of human embryo. Segmentation. Blastocysts. Morulla. Embryoblast. Trophoblast.
- 34. Implantation. Structural, ultrastructural and functional characteristics of the uterine endometrium during proliferative phase.
- 35. Early development (gastrulation) of human embryo. Formation of the germ layers. Embryonic disc. Chorion.
- 36. Late development (gastrulation) of human embryo. Formation of the mesoderm and the mesenchyme. Primitive organs.

- 37. Germ layers and their derivatives.
- 38. Yolk sac. Chorion. Alantoic diveiticulum. Vitelline haemopoiesis. Vitelline circulation.
- 39. Umbilical cord. Formation. Fetal circulation.
- 40. Placenta. Formation, structure, functions and blood circulation. Blood placental barrier (placental membrane).
- 41. Amnion. Amniotic cavity. Amnio-chorionic membrane.
- 42. Twinning. Monozygotic. Dizygotic.
- 43. Abnormalities in the embryonic development. Teratogenic factors.

Textbooks

- 1. Junqueira, Carneiro. Histology, 4 edition, Springer, 1997
- 2. Stevens, Lowe, Human Histology, 2 edition, Chapman and Hall, 1997
- 3. Textbook of Human Histology, I. Singh
- 4. Human Embryology, I. Singh, 6 edition
- 5. Clinical and Functional Histology for Medical Students, R. Snell
- **6.** Histology, Leeson&Leeson
- 7. Sobotta, Histology, Atlas, 6 edition

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