

Test 3

Names:

Group:

Faculty.No

1. Vinyl chloride is a proven human carcinogen. Carcinogenic activity is manifested as :

- a) lung cancer
- b) cancer of the brain
- c) liver cancer
- d) retina cancer

2. Vinyl chloride clinical complaints begin after....?

- a) few months of work
- b) one year of work
- c) one week of work

3. Blood parameters in vinyl chloride disease are:

- a) leukopenia
- b) leukocytosis
- c) thrombocytopenia
- d) thrombocytosis
- e) reticulocytosis

4. Chronic silicosis is a result of?

- a) long period of exposure to silica dust, workers are often asymptomatic
- b) short-term exposure to very large amounts of silica dust
- c) exposure to larger amounts of silica over a shorter period of time

5. Caplan`s syndrome is a combination of silicosis with..?

- a) systemic sclerosis
- b) rheumatoid arthritis
- c) lupus

6. Erasmus syndrome is a combination of silicosis with..?

- a) systemic sclerosis
- b) rheumatoid arthritis

c) lupus

d) systemic vasculitis

7. Having silicosis increases the risk of contracting?

a) tuberculosis

b) lung cancer

c) lung emphysema

8. The clinical picture of chronic bronchitis is characterized by:

a) phlegm

b) cough

c) easy fatigue

d) hemoptysis

9. Physical examination of the lungs in chronic bronchitis shows:

a) acute breathing

b) dry wheezings in one of the lungs

c) bronchial obstruction

10. The treatment of chronic bronchitis includes:

a) bronchodilators

b) hepatoprotective drugs

c) broncholytics

d) adequate relocation to another workplace of those who have functional disorders

e) adequate relocation to another workplace of younger workers with chronic bronchitis

11. Is asthma related with increased risk of lung cancer

a) yes

a) no

12. Clinical manifestation of occupational asthma. The main symptoms are:

a) expiratory breathlessness

b) inspiratory breathlessness

c) sputum

d) cough

